

1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

3 **STANDING ORDER FOR CIVIL CASES BEFORE JUDGE VINCE CHHABRIA**

4 **CONFORMITY WITH RULES**

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6 1. The parties shall follow the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the Civil Local
7 Rules, and the General Orders of the Northern District of California, except as superseded by this
8 Court's standing order.

9 **EMERGENCY APPLICATIONS**

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11 2. Counsel should call and email Judge Chhabria's Courtroom Deputy, Kristen Melen,
12 to notify her if they submit an application for a temporary restraining order, a stipulation that
13 requires a response from the Court within 24 hours, or any other emergency request.

14 3. When a party files an application for a temporary restraining order, or other
15 emergency application, the opposing party should not file a response unless instructed to do so by
16 the Court. The Court will not grant such an application without requesting a response from the
17 opposing party.
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19 **SCHEDULING**

20 4. Civil case management conferences will be conducted Tuesdays at 10:00 a.m. (or,
21 if telephonically, at 11:00 a.m.). Civil law and motion calendar will be conducted on Thursdays at
22 10:00 a.m. Pretrial conferences will be held on Tuesdays at 1:30 p.m. Special settings (such as
23 evidentiary hearings and the like) will be conducted on Wednesdays at 10:00 a.m.

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25 5. Counsel need not reserve hearing dates but should check Judge Chhabria's calendar
26 on the Court's website to make sure the desired date is available. The parties may not specially set
27 any matter without leave of the Court.
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1 Kristen Melen.

2 13. Any attorney who wishes to argue at a motion hearing may not appear
3 telephonically. Counsel appearing telephonically may listen to the hearing, but may discuss only
4 scheduling matters.

5 14. Counsel appearing telephonically must use a direct-dial landline.

6 **DISCOVERY**

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8 15. Discovery disputes should be brought to the Court's attention as early as possible.
9 If the parties cannot resolve their discovery dispute after a good faith effort, they shall prepare and
10 file a joint letter of no longer than five pages stating the nature and status of their dispute. Both
11 sides should submit proposed orders as well. No exhibits may be submitted with the letter other
12 than any discovery request or response that is the subject of the letter. The letter must be filed as
13 soon as possible, but under no circumstances may it be filed more than seven days after the
14 applicable discovery deadline. The side seeking relief from the Court should prepare its portion of
15 the letter first, and then provide that to the opposing side so that the opposing side may prepare its
16 response. The party seeking relief from the Court should file the letter. The Court will either
17 resolve the dispute on the papers, require the parties to appear, or refer the case to a magistrate
18 judge for discovery purposes.
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21 16. Parties requesting a protective order are encouraged to base any proposed order on
22 the model protective orders on the Court's website
23 (<http://www.cand.uscourts.gov/stipprotectorder>). When filing a proposed protective order, parties
24 are required to indicate whether they have based their proposed order on one of the Court's model
25 protective orders and, if so, identifying any deviations from the model order.

26 **COURTESY COPIES OF FILINGS**

27 17. Courtesy copies of all motions, oppositions, and replies (and supporting papers)
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must be delivered to the Clerk's Office no later than noon on the court day following the day that the document was electronically filed. The papers should be three-hole punched. Note: This rule differs from Civil Local Rule 5-1(e)(7)(A).

PROPOSED ORDERS

18. Proposed orders are not necessary for most substantive motions, such as motions for summary judgment, motions to dismiss, or preliminary injunction motions. The parties need only submit proposed orders in connection with administrative motions, ex parte applications, discovery disputes, and any substantive rulings that call upon the court to make factual findings (such as a motion to approve a class settlement or a motion for attorney's fees).

BRIEFS

19. Unless expressly permitted by the Court, briefs in support of and in opposition to all substantive motions (except for summary judgment motions, class certification motions, and motions in patent cases, as discussed below) may not exceed 15 pages, and reply briefs may not exceed 10 pages. These page limits exclude the title page, indices of cases, table of contents, and exhibits, but not summaries of argument.

20. Motions to increase page limits will almost never be granted, but any such motion must be filed no later than 72 hours before the brief is due.

21. Simultaneous briefing is not permitted for any type of motion.

SUMMARY JUDGMENT

22. The parties need not file joint or separate statements of undisputed fact in connection with summary judgment motions.

23. At the summary judgment hearing and/or in the briefs, the parties should not

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hesitate to alert the Court of the need for a prompt ruling in light of their trial preparation schedule.

24. Unless expressly permitted by the Court, briefs in support of and in opposition to summary judgment motions cannot exceed 25 pages, and reply briefs cannot exceed 15 pages. Motions to increase page limits will almost never be granted, but any such motion must be filed no later than 72 hours before the brief is due.

25. In the event of cross-motions for summary judgment, the parties must file a total of four briefs sequentially, rather than three pairs of simultaneous briefs. Unless the parties agree to reverse the order (which they are free to do on their own), the opening brief is filed by the plaintiff side, the opening/opposition brief is filed by the defense side, the opposition/reply is filed by the plaintiff side, and the reply is filed by the defense side. The first two briefs are limited to 25 pages, the third brief is limited to 20 pages, and the fourth brief is limited to 15 pages. The parties may submit a stipulation and proposed order setting a briefing schedule for the cross-motions, which will likely be signed so long as the fourth brief is due no later than 14 days before the hearing date.

CLASS CERTIFICATION

26. Briefs in support of or opposition to class certification motions cannot exceed 25 pages, and reply briefs cannot exceed 15 pages.

PATENT CASES

27. Parties should follow the Local Patent Rules of the Northern District of California except when those rules conflict with this standing order.

28. Absent a compelling reason, the Court will only conduct claim construction in conjunction with a dispositive motion. However, parties should still follow Rules 4-1 through 4-4 of the Patent Local Rules. Rules 4-5 and 4-6, on the other hand, will give way to the details

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provided in paragraphs 29 and 30 below.

29. The opening summary judgment (and claim construction) brief, as well as the opposition brief, cannot exceed 40 pages. The reply brief cannot exceed 20 pages.

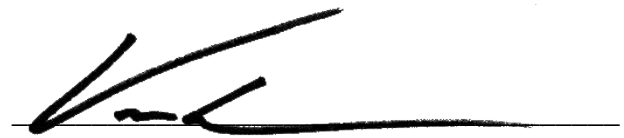
30. In the event of cross-motions for summary judgment, the parties must file a total of four briefs sequentially, rather than three pairs of simultaneous briefs. Unless the parties agree to reverse the order, the opening brief is filed by the party asserting infringement, the opening/opposition brief is filed by the defense, the opposition/reply is filed by the plaintiff, and the reply is filed by the defense. The first two briefs are limited to 40 pages, the third brief is limited to 30 pages, and the fourth brief is limited to 20 pages.

HEARINGS AND TENTATIVE RULINGS

31. The Court will not ordinarily issue tentative rulings, but it typically announces its tentative thinking at the outset of the hearing.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: February 10, 2015



Vince Chhabria
United States District Judge