

The Honorable Cynthia M. Rufe  
United States District Court  
Eastern District of Pennsylvania  
James A. Byrne U.S. Courthouse  
601 Market Street, Suite 12614  
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19106-1797  
Telephone: (267) 299-7490  
Facsimile: (267) 299-5077

## **GENERAL INFORMATION**

### **1. Communications with Judge Rufe's Chambers**

Judge Rufe permits communications with Chambers via telephone, regular mail, or facsimile (ten-page limit) regarding scheduling and other non-substantive matters. All other issues must be addressed by an appropriate motion or other filing. Transmittal of pleadings, motions, or other filings by facsimile to Chambers is not permitted.

Under no circumstances may any party or counsel communicate *ex parte* with any Chambers personnel concerning substantive matters. Law clerks may not render advice to counsel and have no authority to grant continuances or any other relief. Telephone inquiries should be directed as appropriate to either of the following:

- Judicial Secretary/Civil Courtroom Deputy: Velma T. White  
Telephone: (267) 299-7490  
Facsimile: (267) 299-5077  
Contact for matters related to civil scheduling and case management, requesting telephone conferences, and general procedures.
- ESR/Criminal Courtroom Deputy: Erica Pratt  
Telephone: (267) 299-7499  
Facsimile: (267) 299-7498  
Contact for matters related to criminal scheduling and case management, and obtaining transcripts of civil and criminal proceedings.

### **2. Telephone Conferences**

Counsel may arrange a telephone conference with Judge Rufe to resolve straightforward discovery disputes, but complicated matters should be resolved via formal motion and briefing. Counsel must exhaustively address all discovery disputes with opposing counsel before requesting Judge Rufe's assistance. Counsel for one of the parties must initiate all conference calls.

### **3. Stipulations/Consent Decrees**

Any stipulations, consent decrees, or other documents requiring Court approval or the Judge's signature must be submitted using Electronic Case Filing (see 4 below) in a form containing original signatures. Judge Rufe will not sign any document containing a duplicated signature of any counsel, party, or representative.

### **4. Electronic Case Filing**

Judge Rufe requires the use of Electronic Case Filing ("ECF"). ECF provides greater efficiency and timeliness in the filing of pleadings, automatic e-mail notice of case activity, as well as electronic storage of documents for remote access by the Court, the Bar, and the litigants. Attorneys are urged to register as ECF Users in accordance with Rule 5.1.2 of the Local Rules of Civil Procedure, referencing the Procedural Order on Electronic Case Filing. Stipulations and proposed orders must be filed on ECF; proposed orders should be attached to corresponding motions or memoranda of law.

### **5. Standing Orders**

Judge Rufe has no standing Orders.

## **CIVIL MATTERS**

### **1. Rule 26 Conferences**

Judge Rufe relies on counsels' good-faith compliance in all respects with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(f). The Rule 26(f) meeting shall take place as soon as possible and, in any event, at least fourteen (14) days before the Rule 16 scheduling conference. Outstanding motions will not excuse counsel from timely holding the meeting and submitting a Rule 26 plan. Compliance is mandatory. The meeting should not be viewed as perfunctory, but rather as a meaningful and substantive discussion among professionals to formulate the discovery plan required by the Rule. Parties who do not comply will have no voice at the scheduling conference and may be subject to additional sanctions.

### **2. Rule 16 Scheduling Conferences**

Judge Rufe will issue an Order for a Rule 16 scheduling conference to be held in Chambers. Counsel should read carefully all instructions contained therein. Attached to the Order will be a

Scheduling Information Report, which must be completed and returned to Chambers at least **three (3) business days** before the conference. For the convenience of out-of-state counsel, in some very limited circumstances, Judge Rufe may conduct Rule 16 conferences via telephone.

Lead trial counsel must attend the Rule 16 conference and must enter an appearance prior to the conference unless Judge Rufe approves a substitution. If lead trial counsel is appearing *pro hac vice*, local counsel must also attend the conference. All applications to appear *pro hac vice* must be approved prior to the conference.

Any attorney appearing at the conference shall have evaluated the case for settlement purposes and must have settlement authority from the client. Motions to dismiss, transfer, add parties, and other threshold motions should be filed before the conference. Counsel must be prepared to present argument at the conference on any pending motions.

After the conference, Judge Rufe will issue a Scheduling Order to govern further proceedings in the case. The Scheduling Order will usually include the requirements and deadlines set forth in the Sample Scheduling Order attached hereto at Appendix A.

### **3. Settlement Conferences**

Judge Rufe addresses the possibility of settlement at all stages in the proceedings. In addition, consistent with Local Rule 53.3, Judge Rufe directs all parties to consider the use of an alternative-dispute-resolution process at an appropriate stage in the litigation. United States Magistrate Judge Carol Sandra Moore Wells is available to conduct settlement conferences in civil matters, and Judge Rufe strongly encourages litigants to avail themselves of Judge Wells's skillful assistance.

If for any reason counsel desires a continuance of a settlement conference listed before Judge Wells, counsel must contact Judge Wells's Chambers directly. If, however, the requested continuance exceeds fourteen (14) days, counsel must receive Judge Rufe's approval before contacting Judge Wells's chambers.

### **4. Pretrial Conferences**

Judge Rufe regularly lists a pretrial conference date in the Scheduling Order. Pretrial conferences are typically scheduled for the weeks preceding the trial pool to which a case is assigned. Counsel should read carefully all instructions contained in the Scheduling Order. Judge Rufe utilizes the pretrial conference to resolve any motions *in limine* and other pretrial matters, and to discuss *voir dire* and other trial procedures.

## **5. Requests for Extensions of Time**

Where compelling circumstances so require, counsel may request an extension of a filing or other deadline only if such request has no effect on other existing deadlines. Judge Rufe will extend the deadline for filing dispositive motions or a trial-pool date only in very limited circumstances and where genuinely necessary. If a request for an extension is unopposed, counsel must so state and may submit the request via letter or joint stipulation. Opposed requests must so state and be filed as a motion.

## **6. Pretrial Settlement**

Upon reaching a settlement, counsel must notify Judge Rufe's Chambers immediately and request dismissal of the action pursuant to Local Rule of Civil Procedure 41.1 or some other procedure that will effectively terminate the litigation.

## **7. Motions Practice**

In most cases, summary-judgment motions filed pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 56(b) will utilize the form and schedule outlined in Attachment 1 to the Sample Scheduling Order (Appendix A hereto), which is known as the "alternative method." In rare cases, however, Judge Rufe will permit the parties to file their Rule 56(b) Motions under the standard approach. Judge Rufe will notify the parties in the Scheduling Order governing their matter whether they must file their Rule 56(b) Motions pursuant to the alternative method outlined in Attachment 1 to the Sample Scheduling Order.

Under the alternative method, Motions for Summary Judgment under Rule 56(b) shall not exceed five (5) double-spaced pages. For the purposes of such a Motion only, Local Rule of Civil Procedure 7.1(c) does not apply to require the submission of a memorandum of law in support of the initial Motion. Rather, the Motion shall be made in outline form, identifying the issues which form the basis of the party's request for relief. Plaintiff's Response memoranda shall not exceed twenty-five (25) double-spaced pages. Likewise, Defendant's Reply memoranda shall not exceed twenty-five (25) double-spaced pages. Any Sur-reply memoranda shall not exceed ten (10) double-spaced pages. For the purposes of a Motion under the alternative method, the parties need not seek leave of Court to file their Reply and Sur-reply memoranda.

Under the traditional method, a Defendant's Motion for Summary Judgment shall not exceed twenty-five (25) double-spaced pages. Plaintiff's Response shall not exceed twenty-five (25) double-spaced pages. Any Reply or Sur-reply shall not exceed ten (10) pages, and may be filed only after obtaining leave of Court.

For all other motions, Judge Rufe follows the requirements of Local Rule of Civil Procedure 7.1. Such motions and responses shall not exceed fifteen (15) double-spaced pages. Reply and Sur-reply memoranda may be filed only with leave of Court and shall not exceed ten (10) double-spaced pages. To file Reply and/or Sur-reply memoranda, counsel should file a motion requesting leave to file an additional memorandum and attach the proposed memorandum as an exhibit. The motion and attached Reply or Sur-reply shall be filed within ten (10) days of the memorandum to which the Reply or Sur-reply responds.

Judge Rufe appreciates courtesy copies of significant motions, memoranda of law, and other pleadings, but requests that counsel send to Chambers only **one** courtesy copy. In the case of significant motions with voluminous attachments or exhibits, counsel should supply Chambers with a courtesy copy of all relevant materials, arranged in an orderly fashion, upon filing. Transmittal of courtesy copies by facsimile is not permitted.

Unless oral argument is requested and may be useful, Judge Rufe regularly decides motions on the papers.

## **8. Trial**

Judge Rufe's Scheduling Order will usually assign a case to a two-week trial pool. The list of matters to be tried is published in *The Legal Intelligencer*; however, that list is subject to modification. All parties, witnesses, and counsel can expect their case to be tried during the trial-pool period and should arrange their schedules accordingly. Judge Rufe will make every effort to notify counsel at least three (3) business days in advance of the day trial is to commence. At the request of counsel, Judge Rufe may list non-jury trials or complex matters for a special listing or date-certain. Judge Rufe will utilize the pretrial conference to discuss specific trial procedures. Counsel should contact Chambers three to four (3–4) days in advance of trial for courtroom assignment.

***For any civil litigation issues not addressed above, please consult the Local Rules of Civil Procedure for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, available at:***

<http://www.paed.uscourts.gov/documents/locrules/civil/cvrules.pdf>.

## **CRIMINAL MATTERS**

### **1. Motions Practice**

All pretrial motions must be filed no later than thirty (30) days in advance of the scheduled trial date, and except in rare circumstances, will be heard on a date prior to the scheduled trial date. In multi-defendant proceedings, all motions will be heard jointly. Defendants may not join in co-defendants' pretrial motion(s) without leave of the Court. Counsel are advised to provide Judge Rufe with supporting memoranda no later than the date of the hearing. Such supporting memoranda shall not exceed twenty-five (25) double-spaced pages.

All post-trial motions must be filed in accordance with the Federal and Local Rules of Criminal Procedure. Supporting memoranda for such motions and response memoranda shall not exceed twenty-five (25) double-spaced pages. Reply and sur-reply memoranda may be filed only with leave of Court and shall not exceed ten (10) double-spaced pages.

### **2. Continuances of Trial**

Any request for a continuance must be filed no later than fourteen (14) days in advance of the scheduled trial date. Requests for a continuance must be filed as a motion stating the reasons for the request. Any such motion must be accompanied by a proposed form of Order which, if approved by the Court, would grant the relief sought by the motion. The proposed form of Order **must** be consistent with the requirements of the Speedy Trial Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(8), and include a proposed finding that explains in reasonable detail why the ends of justice served by granting the requested continuance outweigh the best interest of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial. Requests by letter are not permitted.

### **3. Pretrial Conferences**

Judge Rufe will schedule a pretrial conference with counsel at least three (3) days prior to the scheduled trial date and may be conducted by telephone in limited circumstances. Any issues related to *voir dire*, motions *in limine*, jury instructions, and jury verdict forms will be addressed at that time.

### **4. Voir Dire**

Judge Rufe conducts extensive *voir dire* in criminal jury matters. Counsel are permitted to address the venire with follow-up questions.

## **5. Sentencing**

Judge Rufe will schedule a speedy sentencing for a date selected at the time the Court accepts a guilty plea or there is a conviction at trial. Judge Rufe discourages continuance of sentencing, and sentencing will be continued for good cause only. Judge Rufe will not consider any request for a continuance exceeding ninety (90) days.

In the rare event of a ninety (90) day continuance, if counsel for both the Government and the defendant(s) believe that good cause exists for an additional continuance beyond the ninety-day period, counsel may jointly request in writing an additional continuance. Any such request must state why good cause exists for an additional continuance. If Judge Rufe grants such a request, counsel shall be required to submit in writing a joint status update every thirty (30) days until judgment of sentence is entered.

Sentencing motions and supporting memoranda must be filed at least fourteen (14) days prior to the scheduled sentencing date, and any response thereto must be filed at least seven (7) days prior to the scheduled sentencing date.

Sentencing memoranda (exclusive of motions) must be filed no later than seven (7) days prior to the scheduled sentencing date, and any response thereto must be filed at least three (3) days prior to the scheduled sentencing date.

## Appendix A - Sample Scheduling Order

### IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

_____	:	
[JOHN DOE],	:	
Plaintiff,	:	
	:	
v.	:	CIVIL ACTION
	:	NO. 07-[_____]
[JANE ROE],	:	
Defendant.	:	
_____	:	

### SCHEDULING ORDER

AND NOW, this [\_\_\_\_] day of [\_\_\_\_\_] 2007, after a Rule 16 conference with counsel, the Court hereby enters the following Scheduling Order to govern further proceedings in this case:

1. The parties are hereby granted leave to file any amended pleadings, including those adding or deleting parties, within [\_\_\_\_\_] ([\_\_]) days of the date of this Scheduling Order;
2. Fact discovery shall be completed by [\_\_\_\_\_];
3. Plaintiff shall produce its expert report(s) by **[close of fact discovery]**; Defendant shall produce its expert report(s) by **[30 days after Plaintiff's service deadline]**; all expert discovery, including depositions, shall be completed by **[30 days after Defendant's service deadline]**;
4. All motions for summary judgment and partial summary judgment shall be filed on or before **[30 days after close of all discovery]**. The parties shall conform their motions and any responses, replies, or sur-replies to the form and schedule outlined in Attachment 1;
5. The case shall be referred to Magistrate Judge Carol Sandra Moore Wells for a



settlement conference. Counsel for the parties are directed to report to Judge Wells's Chambers (Suite 3016) on [\_\_\_\_\_]. The parties and/or persons with full authority to settle **must** accompany counsel unless excused in advance by Judge Wells.

6. The parties, through counsel, shall jointly report to the Court in writing on or before [\_\_\_\_\_] with respect to whether the case is settled. In the event the case is not settled on or before [\_\_\_\_\_], counsel shall include in their joint report a statement as to whether they believe a settlement conference before a magistrate judge, mediation under Local Civil Rule 53.3 (a copy of which is attached hereto as Attachment 2) and the Mediation Protocol Under Local Civil Rule 53.3, or some other form of alternative dispute resolution might be of assistance in resolving the case and, if so, on what form of alternative dispute resolution they agree and by what date they will be prepared to commence such proceedings;

7. A final pretrial conference will be held on [\_\_\_\_\_]. At least one of the attorneys for each party shall have the authority to enter into stipulations and to make admissions regarding all matters.

Final pretrial memoranda shall be filed pursuant to Local Rule of Civil Procedure 16.1(c) and shall contain all items listed in that rule, including the following: a jurisdictional statement; statement (or, in Defendant's memorandum, counterstatement) of the facts of the case; damages computation, or description of other relief sought; list of intended witnesses, designated separately for liability and damages; schedule of exhibits to be offered at trial; estimate of required trial time; and special comments regarding legal issues, stipulations, amendments of pleadings, or other appropriate matters. Plaintiff shall file its pretrial memorandum **[approximately two weeks prior to the final pretrial conference]**. Defendant shall file its pretrial memorandum by **[approximately**

**seven days after Plaintiff files its pretrial memorandum].**

In addition to the above, if applicable, each party is required to submit the following in conjunction with the pretrial memoranda: proposed *voir dire* questions, proposed jury instructions (one point per page), proposed jury interrogatories, a trial memorandum on the legal issues involved in the case, and any motions *in limine*. The failure to submit proposed jury instructions may result in the forfeiture of your right to object to omissions in jury charge. If possible, counsel should provide the Court with copies of the proposed jury instructions and jury interrogatories on 3.5" IBM-compatible computer diskettes, in a format readable by WordPerfect 12. If this is a non-jury trial, each party is required to submit proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law on the date on which its pretrial memorandum is due.

In preparation for the final pretrial conference, counsel are expected to communicate with each other on the following matters in an effort to reach agreement or, if agreement is not possible, to submit, the precise points in dispute, in writing, in a joint statement on the following: (a) agreed upon and disputed facts; (b) objections to any proposed witnesses; (c) objections to any proposed exhibits (including objections to genuineness and authenticity); (d) objections to any depositions to be read at trial; (e) disputed legal issues; (f) amendments to pleadings; (g) stipulated to and disputed points for charge; (h) verdict sheet and special interrogatories; and (i) number of days required for trial.

8. Trial is scheduled for the [\_\_\_\_\_] trial pool.

It is so **ORDERED**.

**BY THE COURT:**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**CYNTHIA M. RUFÉ, J.**

## Scheduling Order Attachment 1

### **Judge Rufe's Required Procedure on Summary Judgment for Those Moving under Rule 56(b)**

1. **Initial Filing of Moving Party:** A party referred to in Rule 56(b) and moving under Rule 56(b) may move without reference to supporting affidavits or other evidence and, in doing so, the party making the motion shall:
  - (1) identify in outline form the issue(s) and/or sub-issue(s) as to which the Motion is directed;
  - (2) provide a separate, short and concise Statement of Stipulated Material Facts, as described below;
  - (3) affirm, on the basis prescribed in Rule 11, that there is no legally sufficient evidentiary basis to support the issues so identified; and
  - (4) request judgment as provided in Rule 56(c).

The initial filing by the moving party generally should not exceed five (5) double-spaced, type-written pages, excluding the Statement of Stipulated Material Facts.

*No later than fourteen (14) days prior to the case dispositive motion deadline outlined in the Court's scheduling order, the parties shall meet and confer as to the facts material to the case. The initial filing of the moving party must include a short and concise Statement of Stipulated Material Facts, which sets forth, in numbered paragraphs, the material facts that the parties agree are not in dispute. Only the facts that bear on material issues shall be included.*

2. **Response of Non-Moving Party:** The non-moving party may file a Response within twenty-one (21) days after the Motion for Summary Judgment is served. The Response, subject to the provisions of Rule 56(e) and (f), shall be supported with affidavits, depositions, documents or other evidence permitted by those provisions. Where applicable, references to such evidence must include specific citations to exhibit, page, and line number. The Response may not exceed twenty-five (25) pages.
3. **Reply of Moving Party:** The movant shall file a Reply as permitted by Rule 56(c). Such a Reply must be filed not later than fourteen (14) days after receipt of the Response from the non-moving party. The Reply must specify the relevant exhibit, page, and line numbers when referring to the record. The Reply may not exceed twenty-five (25) pages.
4. **Sur-Reply of Non-Moving Party (Optional):** The non-moving party may, within seven (7) days after the Reply is received, file a Sur-reply to the Reply described in paragraph 3 above. The Sur-reply must specify the relevant exhibit, page, and line numbers when referring to the record. The Sur-reply may not exceed ten (10) pages.

*The purpose of this procedure is to encourage the parties in their dispositive motion to track the natural order of trial where the plaintiff sets forth its cause and the defendant then responds.*

## Scheduling Order Attachment 2

### LOCAL RULE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE 53.3: ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION

- I. Litigants in all civil actions, exempting only social security appeals, pro se prisoner civil rights actions, and petitions for habeas corpus, shall be required to consider the use of an alternative dispute resolution process (the “ADR process”) at an appropriate stage in the litigation.
- II. ADR processes may include mediation and settlement conferences and such other ADR processes as the judge to whom the case is assigned (the “assigned judge”) may designate.
- III. All ADR processes subject to this Rule shall be confidential, and disclosure by any person of confidential dispute resolution communications is prohibited unless confidentiality has been waived by all participants in the ADR process, or disclosure is ordered by the assigned judge for good cause shown.
- IV. Nothing in the Rule shall be construed to limit the assigned judge from (a) conducting settlement conferences or referring a matter to a magistrate judge for a settlement conference, or (b) ordering the litigants to participate in an ADR process, or (c) approving or disapproving of an ADR process selected by the litigants.
- V. The Alternative Dispute Resolution (“ADR”) Committee of the court shall administer, oversee, and evaluate the court’s ADR program in accordance with the Alternative Dispute Resolution Act of 1998. The Clerk of Court, or such other person as may be designated from time to time by the Chief Judge, shall serve as the ADR coordinator. Under the direction of the ADR committee, the coordinator shall administer a program for recruitment, screening and training of attorneys to serve as neutrals.
- VI. The Rule is intended to be flexible so as to permit the court to adopt, from time to time, guidelines and policies for the administration of the ADR program. The procedures promulgated by the court for the implementation of the ADR program shall be maintained on file in the office of the Clerk.
- VII. Nothing in the Rule shall be construed to amend or modify the provisions of Local Civil Rule 53.2 (compulsory and voluntary arbitration with right of trial *de novo*). Local Civil Rule 53.2.1 (compulsory mediation) is repealed by separate order.

#### Explanatory Note

The Rule is intended to implement the provisions of the Alternative Dispute Resolution Act of 1998 and to demonstrate the long-standing commitment of the court and its bar to non-binding alternative dispute resolution, without, however, limiting the authority and discretion of the assigned judge. Certain civil actions are exempted from the Rule as cases not appropriate for ADR process pursuant to the Alternative Dispute Resolution Act of 1998.

Effective July 1, 2003